



IDEC

Bioremediation For Green Earth



Bioremediation

A natural process where adapted micro-organisms degrade hydrocarbon molecular chains to an acceptable level for discharge to the environment.

The objective is to significantly reduce in volume and toxicity the hydrocarbons in drill cuttings to ensure any environmental impact is minimized.

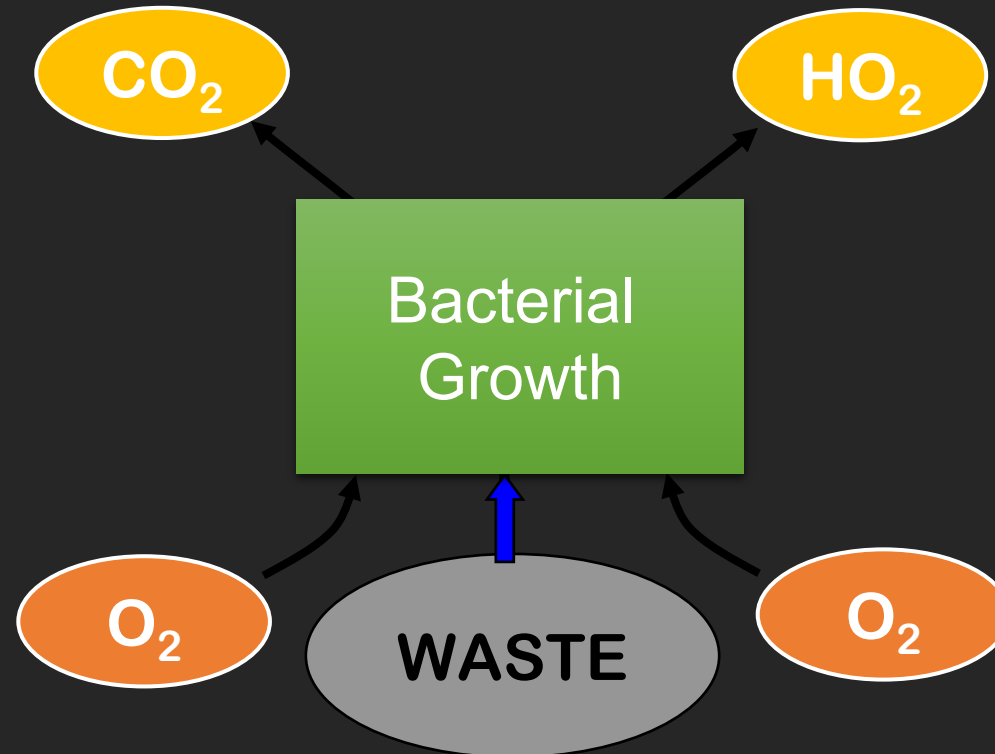
To be effective, it requires oxygen, temperature, moisture and nutrients to be constantly at a desirable levels, which can be difficult in some environments.





Bioremediation

Biodegradation = Conversion of organic material to water, carbon dioxide + biomass by living organisms



Bioremediation = The use of living organisms to treat or clean up hydrocarbon contaminated soil and water

Bioremediation Benefits

- Operationally simple
- Does not need special equipment (farm equipment)
- Cost effective for small and large quantities
- Does not generate a by product, it is recycling the cuttings / soil
- Proven effective natural degradation
- Minimum interference with native ecosystem
- Does not require significant chemical additions

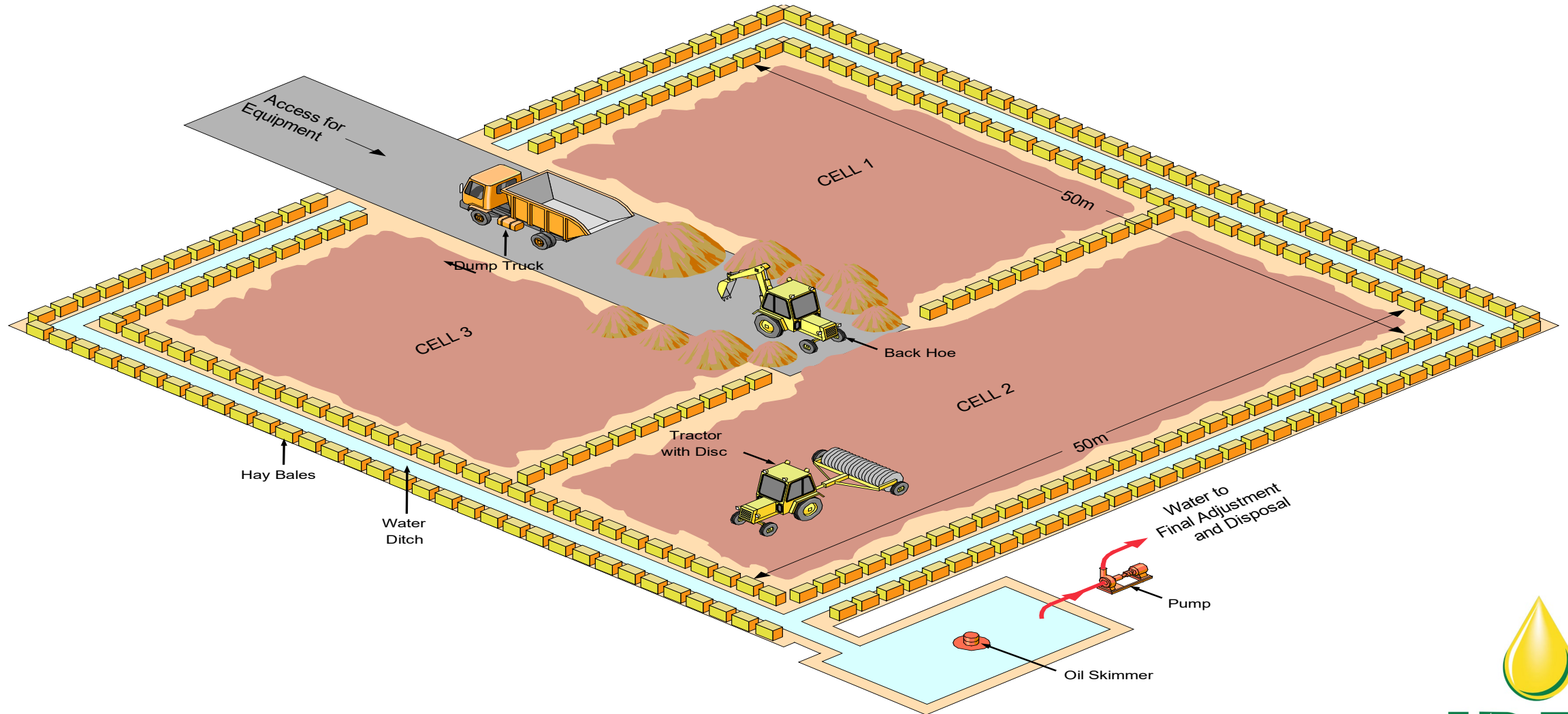




Bioremediation Desirable Conditions

- pH (6 to 8)
- % Moisture (60% to 80% Water Holding Capacity)
- Nutrient content (N,P,K Proportion 100:10:1)
- Dissolved Oxygen > 2 mg/L
- Temperature (50 to 100 ° F)
- SAR < 12 mg/L
- ESP < 15%
- EC < 4 mmho/cm

Bioremediation Land Farming





IDEC Land Farming Site, Kurdistan

Bioremediation Land Farming

- Well established technique
- Removes the contaminant from soils by a combination of volatilization, incorporation of the contaminant into the native soil matrix and degradation
- Volatilization removes a large portion of the lighter hydrocarbons, but the most important mechanism for the treatment of heavier hydrocarbons is degradation
- Limitations include space, climate, and toxicity



Pictures for our Bioremediation operations in Kurdistan

Rolling Over
& Preparing
The Pit





Rolling Over
& Preparing
The Pit

An aerial photograph showing a vast, arid landscape. The ground is a mix of brown and grey, heavily cracked and fragmented into small, irregular pieces, suggesting extreme dryness or erosion. In the upper center, a small, bright blue pond or reservoir is visible, surrounded by slightly more intact earth. The overall scene conveys a sense of desolation and environmental hardship.

Rolling Over
& Preparing
The Pit



Rolling Over
& Preparing
The Pit

A wide-angle photograph of a construction site. The foreground and middle ground are dominated by a large, dark, textured pile of soil or earth. In the background, two red excavators are visible, one on the left and one on the right, both with their hydraulic arms extended. A yellow wheel loader is positioned in the center background. The sky is bright and overcast. A white circular graphic with a black border is overlaid on the left side of the image, containing the text "Rolling Over & Preparing The Pit".

Rolling Over
& Preparing
The Pit

Spraying CS-03
(Bio-Remediation
Product),



Mixing Fiber Materials





Daily Rolling Over
The Pit

Daily Rolling
Over The Pit



Bio-
remediation
operations
completed



Bio-
remediation
operations
completed



On site
sample
testing



On site sample testing

1987/09/03

Collected
Samples





DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY
ANALYTICAL REPORT

Client : Oren Hydrocarbon P.O.Box : 18159 Dubai, UAE Attention : Ms.Leah Espolong	EIL Job #	3K -27786
	EIL Report #	08247 – MS
	EIL Sample #	C- 08247
	Date Sample Received	September 09, 2012
	Date Analysis Completed	September 09, 2012
	Analyst	358

Job Description: Analysis of sludge sample for Hydrocarbon.
Ref. : LPO No : OREN/EIL/11-12 dated 09/09/2012

TESTS	METHODS	RESULTS, % wt
Total extractable hydrocarbon	Gravimetry	0.42

ISO Certified
Final Lab Result




K. Somanath, Manager

The results shown above related only to the items tested.

Date of Issue : Sept. 09, 2012

Form # 52 Rev. 0 - MS

A large, metallic key is positioned vertically on the left side of the image. To its right is a green paper cutout of a key, which has a circular hole in its shaft. The background is a textured, brown corkboard. The text 'Key Issues for Successful Project' is written in white on the left side, with a vertical line extending from the text towards the key.

Key Issues for Successful Project

- Development of a treatment and contingency plan
 - Initial assessment
 - Treatment procedures
 - Monitoring of soil
 - Drainage requirements
 - Control of underground and superficial water
 - Contingency procedures
- Experienced Personnel
- Continuous Monitoring and Reporting :
 - Degradation process, cost, TPH content, personnel and
 - equipment utilization
- Physical and chemical analysis performed by external
- certified laboratory following Standard EPA methods

*Thank
you*

